# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD 

B.Tech I Year Examinations, October/November - 2020

ENGINEERING MECHANICS
(Common to CE, ME, AE, AME, MIE, PTM)
Time: 2 hours
Max. Marks: 75

## Answer any five questions

All questions carry equal marks

1. Explain the procedure of finding the resultant of coplanar concurrent force system.
2. A vertical mast is guyed by three cables $P A, P B$ and $P C$ tied at a common point $P$ at 12 m above the ground. The base points of the cables are $\mathrm{A}(5,-1,0), \mathrm{B}(-3,-4,0)$ and $\mathrm{C}(-2,5,0) \mathrm{m}$. If the tension in the cable PB is 40 kN , calculate the tensions to be provided in PA and PC so that the resultant force exerted on the mast is vertical. Determine the force exerted on the mast.
3. State and explain the laws of solid friction.
4. Find the length of belt necessary to drive a pulley of 500 mm diameter running parallel at a distance of 12 m from the driving pulley of diameter 1600 m .
5.a) Derive an expression to determine the moment of inertia of a semi circle about its diametric base.
b) Find the moment of iilertia of the shaded area, as shown in figure 1 about its centroidal axes parallel to xou's.


Figure: 1
6. Determine the polar moments of inertia of the composite lamina shown in figure 2 .

7. A sphere of mass $\mathrm{m}_{1}$ is moving at a speed $\mathrm{u}_{1}$ in a direction which makes an angle $\Theta$ with the $\boldsymbol{x}$ axis. The sphere then collides with a stationary sphere mass ${ }_{2}$ nsuch that at the instant of impact the line joining the centres lies along the $\boldsymbol{x}$ axis. Derive expressions for the velocities of the two spheres after the impact. Assume ideal impact. For the special case when $\mathrm{m}_{1}=\mathrm{m}_{2}$ show that after impact the two spheres travel along paths which are $90^{\circ}$ to each other, irrespoctive of the angle $\Theta$.
8. Determine the stil, hess in $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{cm}$ of a vertical spring to which a weight of 75 N is attached and is set vibiffigg vertically. The weight makes 3 oscillations per second.

